

PSC Staff Nurse Model Questions (1 to 100)

1. Who was the founder of Vala Samudaya Parishkarini Sabha?

- A) Pandit Karuppan
- B) Ayyankali
- C) V.T. Bhattathirippadu
- D) Paalakkunnathu Abraham Malpan

Ans: A) Pandit Karuppan

2. Gurudas Banerjee was the first Indian Vice-Chancellor in _____ University.

- A) Bombay University
- B) Banaras Hindu University

- C) Calcutta University
- D) Aligarh Muslim University

Ans: C) Calcutta University

3. Which Indian city is known as 'The City of Demonstrations'?

- A) Amritsar
- B) Delhi
- C) Srinagar
- D) Bhubaneswar

Ans: B) Delhi

4. Roopa Bhadratha Vaadam was related to

- A) Edasseri
- B) G. Sankara Kuruppu
- C) Changampuzha

D) Mundasseri

Ans: D) Mundasseri

5. The legal advisor of constituent assembly

A) B.N. Rao

B) B.R. Ambedkar

C) Alladi Krishnaswami Ayer

D) B.L. Mithar

Ans: A) B.N. Rao

6. Name the first Chairman of Finance Commission

A) Rangaraajan

B) K.C. Pant

C) K.C. Niyogi

D) John Mathai

Ans: C) K.C. Niyogi

7. Bhasha Poshini Sabha was founded by

A) Kumaranasan

B) Kodungallur Kunjukkuttan Thampuran

C) Keralavarma Valiyakoyi Thampuran

D) Changampuzha

Ans: B) Kodungallur Kunjukkuttan Thampuran

8. The author of Najan Oru Puthiya Lokam Kandu

A) K.P. Vellon

B) Makthi Thangal

C) M.C. Joseph

D) A.K. Gopalan

Ans: D) A.K. Gopalan

9. Jeeval Sahithya Prasthanam was the early name of

- A) Purogamana Sahithya Prasthanam
- B) Naadaka Prasthanam
- C) Library Movement
- D) Namboothiri Movement

Ans: A) Purogamana Sahithya Prasthanam

10. Dharma was a work of

- A) Dr. Ayyathan Gopalan
- B) Ayyankali
- C) Sree Narayana Guru
- D) T.K. Madhavan

Ans: C) Sree Narayana Guru

11. When did the magazine Muslim Publish?

- A) 1930
- B) 1915
- C) 1906
- D) 1920

Ans: C) 1906

12. Who wrote the poem 'Tagore Malayalam'?

- A) Sumangala
- B) Panthalam Kerala Varma
- C) Raja Ravi Varma
- D) Kumaranasan

Ans: D) Kumaranasan

13. Which agency was secured Krupasakaya Award of UNESCO?

- A) NCERT
- B) Grandhasaala Sangham
- C) NEEM
- D) Library Council

Ans: B) Grandhasaala Sangham

14. The leader of Yachana Yathra

- A) V.T. Bhattathirippadu
- B) A.K. Gopalan
- C) K. Kelappan
- D) P. Krishna Pillai

Ans: A) V.T. Bhattathirippadu

15. Representation of Travancore in the constituent assembly

A) 15

B) 6

C) 10

D) 11

Ans: B) 6

16. In which year Poor Home Society was established?

A) 1975

B) 1919

C) 1949

D) 1937

Ans: D) 1937

17. The editor of the magazine Murali

A) T. Ammalu Amma

B) Kadathanattu Madhavi Amma

C) Kesavadev

D) S.K. Pottakkadu

Ans: B) Kadathanattu Madhavi Amma

18. The founder of 'Society for the Promotion of Education of Women'

A) O. Chanthu Menon

B) Appu Nedungadi

C) Akkamma Cherian

D) A.V. Kuttimalu Amma

Ans: B) Appu Nedungadi

19. In which year Deena Bandhu was started?

A) 1924

B) 1929

C) 1934

D) 1914

Ans: D) 1914

20. The capital of Andhra Pradesh

A) Vijayawada

B) Amaravathi

C) Chittur

D) Guntur

Ans: B) Amaravathi

21. The generally accepted term of community health nurse is:

A) Public health nurse

B) Care giver of the community

C) Private health nurse

D) Sector nurse

Ans: A) Public health nurse

22. Water is primarily derived from

- A) Oceans
- B) Ice-caps
- C) Ground water
- D) Rivers

Ans: A) Oceans

23. Health assistant female may cover

- A) One sub centre
- B) One thousand population
- C) Three sub centre
- D) One PHC

Ans: D) One PHC

24. Summative evaluation means

- A) Done before the program

- B) Done in between the program
- C) 1 and 2
- D) Done at the end

Ans: D) Done at the end

25. The study of physical and psychological changes which are incident to old age is called as

- A) Geriatrics
- B) Gerontology
- C) Clinical gerontology
- D) Clinical geriatrics

Ans: B) Gerontology

26. The head circumference in the year of 5 years will be

- A) 35 cm

B) 45 cm

C) 50 cm

D) 55 cm

Ans: C) 50 cm

27. The good size of the flash card is

A) 10 × 12

B) 15 × 20

C) 22 × 28

D) 26 × 28

Ans: C) 22 × 28

28. The bacteria grows in the baby intestine and prevent harmful bacteria such as E-coli from growing and causing diarrhea the bacteria called

A) Lactoferrin

- B) Lysosomes
- C) Lactobacillus bifidus
- D) None of the above

Ans: C) Lactobacillus bifidus

29. To develop creative thinking the best method of teaching is

- A) Group discussion
- B) Tutorial method
- C) Demonstration
- D) Brain storming

Ans: D) Brain storming

30. International Red Cross Society is founded by

- A) Charles Dickson
- B) Charles Darwin

C) Henry Dunant

D) Von pirguet

Ans: C) Henry Dunant

31. The students studies first hand objects and materials in their natural environment is known as

A) Demonstration

B) Learning by doing

C) Simulation

D) Field trip

Ans: D) Field trip

32. ICDS programme started in

A) 1975

B) 1970

C) 1978

D) 1980

Ans: A) 1975

33. The optimum period of storage of river water considered to be about

A) 5-10 days

B) 10-14 days

C) 14-20 days

D) 20-25 days

Ans: B) 10-14 days

34. PEP Should be initiated before

A) 24 hours

B) 72 hours

C) 48 hours

D) 36 hours

Ans: B) 72 hours

35. MTP Act came into force in the year of

A) 15

B) 6

C) 10

D) 11

Ans: B) 6

36. The albumin of the egg begins to coagulate at

A) 60 degree Celsius

B) 62 degree Celsius

C) 64 degree Celsius

D) 65 degree Celsius

Ans: A) 60 degree Celsius

37. Prevention of food adulteration Act was enacted in

- A) 1944
- B) 1954
- C) 1964
- D) 1974

Ans: B) 1954

38. NACO is the programme for

- A) TB
- B) STD
- C) AIDS
- D) All of the above

Ans: C) AIDS

39. Panel discussion involves

- A) 1 person

- B) 1 to 2 person
- C) 4 person
- D) 4 to 8 person

Ans: D) 4 to 8 person

40. Anti sterility vitamin is

- A) Vitamin A
- B) Vitamin E
- C) Vitamin K
- D) Vitamin D

Ans: B) Vitamin E

41. An expert committee for health man power planning, production and management is known as

- A) Shrivasthava committee
- B) Mehta committee

- C) Bajaj committee
- D) Bhore committee

Ans: C) Bajaj committee

42. Ergotism occurs due to

- A) Aspergillus flavus
- B) Satus
- C) Claviceps fusiformis
- D) Argemone mexicana

Ans: C) Claviceps fusiformis

43. The study of anthropoids which are of medical importance is known as

- A) Ecology
- B) Anthropology
- C) Epidemiology
- D) Medical entomology

Ans: D) Medical entomology

44. Angular stomatitis is caused by

- A) Riboflavin deficiency
- B) Thiamine deficiency
- C) Pyridoxine deficiency
- D) Iodine deficiency

Ans: A) Riboflavin deficiency

45. ESI Act was enforced by the Government in

- A) 1938
- B) 1948
- C) 1958
- D) 1968

Ans: B) 1948

46. MMR vaccine given at the month of

- A) 12 months
- B) 15 months
- C) 18 months
- D) 20 months

Ans: B) 15 months

47. Slow sand or biological filtration of water is introduced in Scotland in

- A) 1804
- B) 1904
- C) 1704
- D) 1604

Ans: A) 1804

48. Orthotolidine test was developed in

- A) 1918
- B) 1920

C) 1928

D) 1938

Ans: A) 1918

49. The instruments devised for measuring the cooling power of the air is

A) Kata thermometer

B) Wet globe thermometer

C) Silvered thermometer

D) Globe thermometer

Ans: A) Kata thermometer

50. Clark's process is a method of removing

A) Temporary hardness

B) Permanent hardness

C) 1 and 2

D) None of the above

Ans: A) Temporary hardness

51. CARE began its operation in India in

A) 1945

B) 1948

C) 1950

D) 1951

Ans: C) 1950

52. Un intentional torts except

A) Negligence

B) Liability

C) Defamation

D) Damages

Ans: C) Defamation

53. AUGER is required in construction of

- A) Dug well latrine
- B) Water seal latrine
- C) RCA latrine
- D) Borehole latrine

Ans: D) Borehole latrine

54. First referral unit for PHC is

- A) Regional hospital
- B) Specialist hospital
- C) Taluk hospital
- D) CHC

Ans: D) CHC

55. ORS contains all except

- A) Sodium chloride

- B) Calcium lactate
- C) Bicarbonate
- D) Glucose

Ans: B) Calcium lactate

56. The headquarters of FAO

- A) Newyork
- B) Rome
- C) Switzerland
- D) Australia

Ans: B) Rome

57. The following one is the trace elements of mineral

- A) Calcium
- B) Phosphorus
- C) Iodine

D) Sodium

Ans: C) Iodine

58. The freshness of the eggs may be tested by

A) Candling

B) Floating in saline water

C) 1 and 2

D) None of the above

Ans: C) 1 and 2

59. The borehole latrine is introduced in India in

A) 1930's

B) 1940's

C) 1950's

D) 1960's

Ans: A) 1930's

60. In the hard ticks the dorsum of its body is covered by a hard shield is called

- A) Scutum
- B) Sebum
- C) Serum
- D) Shell shield

Ans: A) Scutum

61. The instrument used for measuring humidity

- A) Sling psychrometer
- B) Assman psychrometer
- C) Dry and wet bulb hygrometer
- D) None of the above

Ans: C) Dry and wet bulb hygrometer

62. Three gram of fat gives

- A) 30 calories
- B) 4 calories
- C) 9 calories
- D) 27 calories

Ans: D) 27 calories

63. The process of enabling people to increase control over and to improve health is known as

- A) Specific protection
- B) Early diagnosis and treatment
- C) Health promotion
- D) Disability limitation

Ans: C) Health promotion

64. Illicit drug trafficking is entwined with the

- A) Asian children
- B) African children
- C) Child labour
- D) Street children

Ans: D) Street children

65. W.H.O. defines blindness as “visual acuity of less than”

- A) 3/60
- B) 6/60
- C) 6/18
- D) 1/60

Ans: A) 3/60

66. Balwadi nutrition programme was started in

- A) 1971
- B) 1970
- C) 1972
- D) 1973

Ans: B) 1970

67. The apparatus used to measure, regulate and applying chlorine in correct dosage is

- A) Chloronome
- B) Chloramine
- C) Filters
- D) Berkefeld filters

Ans: A) Chloronome

68. The optimum level of fluoride in drinking water is between

- A) 0.5 – 0.8 mg/liter
- B) 0.2 – 0.4 mg/liter
- C) 0.3 – 0.7 mg/liter
- D) 0.6 – 0.9 mg/liter

Ans: A) 0.5 – 0.8 mg/liter

69. Recommended light intensity in operation theatre is

- A) 75 foot candles
- B) 76 foot candles
- C) 80 foot candles
- D) 85 foot candles

Ans: A) 75 foot candles

70. Vitamin E is termed as

- A) Tocopherol
- B) Thiamine
- C) Retinol
- D) Pyridoxine

Ans: A) Tocophero

71. The immunoglobulin can cross the human placenta is

- A) IgM
- B) IgG
- C) IgA
- D) IgE

Ans: B) IgG

72. The polio vaccine should be preserved at

- A) 2 to 8 degree Celsius

- B) -2 to -8 degree Celsius
- C) 0 to 4 degree Celsius
- D) Below 0 degree Celsius

Ans: B) -2 to -8 degree Celsius

73. Mantoux (tuberculin) test was developed in

- A) 1807
- B) 1907
- C) 1707
- D) 1910

Ans: B) 1907

74. In India the first case of AIDS was reported in Tamilnadu in

- A) 1976
- B) 1986

C) 1989

D) 1989

Ans: B) 1986

75. Lathyrism present in the human it is referred as

A) Osteo lathyrism

B) Nephrolathyrism

C) Neurolathyrism

D) Genuvalgum

Ans: C) Neurolathyrism

76. Health survey and planning committee is known as

A) Bhore committee

B) Chadah committee

C) Mudaliar committee

D) Mukerjee committee

Ans: C) Mudaliar committee

77. Trachoma control programme was merged with the national programme for the control of blindness in

A) 1963

B) 1966

C) 1976

D) 1986

Ans: C) 1976

78. Dryness of the eye is known as

A) Xerophthalmia

B) Bitots spots

C) Keratomalacia

D) Night blindness

Ans: A) Xerophthalmia

79. Milk is a good source of all vitamins except

- A) Vitamin A
- B) Vitamin C
- C) Vitamin E
- D) Vitamin D

Ans: B) Vitamin C

80. Mosquito may fly up to

- A) 2 miles
- B) 3 miles
- C) 4 miles
- D) 5 miles

Ans: B) 3 miles

81. The Government of India has announced the National Health Policy in the year of

A) 1978

B) 1981

C) 1983

D) 1982

Ans: D) 1982

82. The major causes of MMR in India

A) Anemia

B) Toxemia of pregnancy

C) Eclampsia

D) Hemorrhage

Ans: D) Hemorrhage

83. The mosquito which transmits yellow fever is

- A) Aedes aegypti
- B) Anopheles mosquitoes
- C) Culex
- D) Mansonoides

Ans: A) Aedes aegypti

84. Barbecue it is also called

- A) Grilling
- B) Roasting
- C) Baking
- D) Frying

Ans: B) Roasting

85. Schick test can be done in case of

- A) German measles

- B) Diphtheria
- C) Measles
- D) Meningitis

Ans: B) Diphtheria

86. The best method of refuse disposal is

- A) Burning
- B) Composting
- C) Dumping
- D) Controlled tipping

Ans: A) Burning

87. CROUP can be seen in the case of

- A) Whooping cough
- B) Acute respiratory infections
- C) Tuberculosis

D) Meningitis

Ans: B) Acute respiratory infections

88. The recommended noise level is

A) 85 decibels

B) 90 decibels

C) 95 decibels

D) 100 decibels

Ans: A) 85 decibels

89. If the first stage of labour is prolonged IV glucose is given to prevent

A) Foetal distress

B) Hemorrhage

C) Maternal distress

D) 1 and 3

Ans: C) Maternal distress

90. Television and sound films are the example of

- A) Auditory aids
- B) Visual aids
- C) Combined audio visual aids
- D) None of the above

Ans: C) Combined audio visual aids

91. The multipurpose worker scheme launched in

- A) 1964
- B) 1984
- C) 1974
- D) 1994

Ans: C) 1974

92. Radiation sickness is otherwise known as

- A) Shortening of life
- B) Leukemia
- C) Acute radiation syndrome
- D) Radiation poisoning

Ans: D) Radiation poisoning

93. Harpendens calipers is used to measure

- A) Foot length
- B) Height
- C) Head circumference
- D) Skin fold thickness

Ans: D) Skin fold thickness

94. A brief description of an observed behavior or incident is known as

- A) Clinical record
- B) Cumulative record
- C) Family record
- D) Anecdotal record

Ans: D) Anecdotal record

95. Back bone of public health nursing is

- A) Environmental sanitation
- B) Health problems
- C) Home visiting
- D) Planning and evaluation

Ans: C) Home visiting

96. The aldehyde test of Napier is a simple test widely used in India for the diagnosis of

- A) Yellow fever
- B) Dengue fever
- C) Yaws
- D) Kala-azar

Ans: D) Kala-azar

97. What is the concept of vision 2020 ?

- A) The right to healthy eye
- B) Right to reduce blindness
- C) Right to donate
- D) Right to sight

Ans: D) Right to sight

98. Minimum need programme was introduced in

- A) `4th` five year plan
- B) `3rd` five year plan
- C) `2nd` five year plan
- D) `1st` five year plan

Ans: D) `1st` five year plan

99. The process of restriction of movement of persons who come in contact of diseased person is called as

- A) Active surveillance
- B) Passive surveillance
- C) Isolation
- D) Quarantine

Ans: D) Quarantine

100. Vitamin A supplementation gives to children from the age of 1 to 6 years should by every

- A) 3 months
- B) 8 months
- C) Yearly
- D) 6 months

Ans: D) 6 months