

129/2014

लघुटिप्पणी: लिखत।

5x2=10

1. योगदर्शने ईश्वरः।

2. योगस्य अङ्गानि।

3. सत्कार्यवादः।

4. प्रदीपवच्चार्थतो वृत्तिः।

5. पुरुषबहुत्वम्।

वाक्येन वाक्याभ्यां वा समाधत्त।

5x2=10

6. न्यायसिद्धान्ते शक्तिग्रहोपायाः के?

7. वैशेषिकमते पदार्थाः कति सन्ति? के च ते?

8. मीमांसा सिद्धान्ते का नाम भावना?

9. बौद्धदर्शनस्य प्रमुखाः शाखाः के?

10. "स्याद्वादः" कस्मिन् दर्शने विद्यते।

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[P.T.O.]

वाक्यद्वयेन उत्तरं लिखत।

5x2=10

11. द्वैतमतानुसारम् अनुप्रमाणं कतिविधम्? के ते?
12. 'न हि ब्रह्मात्मैक्यस्य याथार्थ्यम्'-कस्मात्?
13. विशिष्टाद्वैतिनां मते किं नाम प्रमा?
14. यतीन्द्रमतदीपिकानुसारं नारायणस्य जगत्कारणत्वं कथम्?
15. किं नाम सत्ख्यातिः?

संक्षिप्तरूपेण समाधत्त।

5x2=10

16. गीताशास्त्रे आत्माज्ञानवतः कुत्राधिकारः?
17. शङ्कराचार्याभिमतम् अध्यास लक्षणम् किम्?
18. "शास्त्रयोनित्वात्" इति सूत्रस्य अर्थद्वयं लिखत।
19. गीताशास्त्रे कस्मात् मोक्षप्राप्तिः इति निश्चितः।
20. छान्दोग्ये मधुकर दृष्टान्तेन किमुपदिशति?

वाक्येनैकेन द्वाभ्यां वा उत्तरयत -

5x2=10

21. साधनचतुष्टयम्
22. लिङ्गशरीरं

23. "अस्मिन्मते पदार्थो द्विविधः"-सिद्धान्तबिन्दुं अधिकृत्य विशदयत।
24. 'सर्वं जगदसत्यमिति सिद्धम्'-कथम्?
25. "ह्यासत्यं भाति सत्यवत्"- दर्शनमालामाश्रित्य लिखत।

समाधत्त।

5x2=10

26. उपाधि-विशेषणयोः को भेदः?
27. वाक्यजन्यज्ञानस्य हेतवः के?
28. स च भावश्चतुर्विधः-विशदयत।
29. परिणाम विवर्तयोः कः भेदः?
30. प्रलयो नाम कः? तस्य भेदाः के?

उत्तरं लिखत।

5x2=10

31. अद्वैतसिद्धौ द्वितीय मिथ्यात्व लक्षणं किम्?
32. "ज्ञाननिवर्त्यत्वं वा मिथ्यात्वम्"-अर्थं लिखत।
33. दृश्यत्वं इत्यस्य सिद्धिकाराभिमतः आशयः कः?
34. परिच्छिन्नत्वभेदाः के?
35. जडत्वमिति हेतोः अर्थः कः?

36. Identify a teacher behaviour that you would try to avoid in teaching :
- (A) Paraphrasing student ideas for the entire class
 - (B) Being meticulous on commenting on every student observations
 - (C) Asking students to explain their thinking
 - (D) Turning student question over to the class to answer
37. The principal characteristics a teacher has to consider while planning a lesson is :
- (A) Student characteristics
 - (B) Task characteristics
 - (C) Teacher characteristics
 - (D) Test characteristics
38. Choose the truest description of the learning process :
- (A) Absorption of information
 - (B) Individual activity
 - (C) Collective work
 - (D) Active engagement
39. Which among the following statements is/are true ?
- (i) Teaching is a task word
 - (ii) Teaching is an achievement word
- (A) (i) only
 - (B) (ii) only
 - (C) Both (i) and (ii)
 - (D) Neither (i) nor (ii)
40. Most probable sequence of achieving an affective behaviour is :
- (A) Respond, organize, value, characterize
 - (B) Organize, respond, characterize, value
 - (C) Value, respond, characterize, organize
 - (D) Respond, value, organize, characterize

41. Which among the following are the functions of a theory ?
- (i) explanation of a phenomenon
 - (ii) description of relationship among key variables
 - (iii) predicting future occurrences
 - (iv) verifying facts
- (A) (i), (ii) and (iii) (B) (ii), (iii) and (iv)
(C) (i), (iii) and (iv) (D) (i), (ii) and (iv)
42. Choose the best possible sequence :
- (A) Problem-variable-hypotheses-theory
(B) Problem-hypotheses-variable-theory
(C) Variable-theory-hypotheses-problem
(D) Hypotheses-theory-problem-variable
43. Which sequence a research usually progress through ?
- (A) Population-sample-statistic-parameter
(B) Parameter-population-sample-statistic
(C) Statistic-parameter-population-sample
(D) Sample-statistic-population-parameter
44. Systematic and objective analysis and recording of observation resulting in prediction is :
- (A) Scientific method (B) Problem solving
(C) Research (D) Experiment
45. What a researcher believes in connection with the problem, but cannot be verified is :
- (A) A limitation (B) A hunch
(C) An assumption (D) Unscientific

46. Indian Constitution originally consists of _____ Articles.
(A) 395 (B) 394 (C) 396 (D) 407
47. Article 16 guarantees :
(A) No discrimination
(B) Equality before Law
(C) Equality of opportunity in public employment
(D) Abolition of Untouchability
48. Fundamental duties was added to the constitution by _____ amendment of the constitution.
(A) 41 (B) 42 (C) 43 (D) 44
49. A Member of Parliament cannot be arrested on civil proceedings within a period of _____ days before and after the session of the Parliament.
(A) 10 (B) 20 (C) 30 (D) 40
50. Which of the following statement is true ?
(i) Speaker can be removed from his office by a resolution passed by 2/3 majority of the Assembly
(ii) Speaker can be removed from his office by a resolution passed by a majority of all the members of the Assembly
(iii) Speaker vacates his office on the dissolution of the Assembly
(iv) Speaker shall vacate his office if he ceases to be a member of the Assembly
(A) (ii) and (iv) (B) (ii) and (iii) (C) (ii), (iii) and (iv) (D) (i), (iii) and (iv)
51. The fee to be remitted along with RTI application :
(A) Rs. 1/- (B) Rs. 10/- (C) Rs. 5/- (D) Rs. 50/-

52. Which of the following is the first state in the country to pass Food Security Act ?
(A) Kerala (B) Tamil Nadu (C) Chhattisgarh (D) West Bengal
53. The redressal machinery established under the COPRA is _____.
(A) Judicial (B) Quasi judicial (C) Executive (D) Administrative
54. The punishment that can be awarded to a juvenile for escaping from a special home is _____.
(A) 1 month imprisonment (B) 3 month imprisonment
(C) Rs. 500/- fine (D) No punishment
55. The apex advisory body in all matters concerning environmental protection and improvement is _____.
(A) NCPM (B) NCEP (C) HEPC (D) CHEP
56. The 'temple' entry proclamation' was in :
(A) 1924 (B) 1936 (C) 1931 (D) 1920
57. Who is the founder of the socio-religious movement, 'Prathyaksha Raksha Devasaba' ?
(A) P.K. Abraham Malpan (B) Pambadi John Joseph
(C) Poikayil Yohannan (D) M.C. Joseph
58. Which college holds the record for the first college in Kerala ?
(A) University College, Thiruvananthapuram
(B) Brennen College, Thalassery
(C) Victoria College, Palakkad
(D) C.M.S. College, Kottayam
59. The epoch making 'Siva Prathishta' of Sreenarayana guru was at :
(A) Chempazhanthy (B) Aruvippuram
(C) Varkala (D) Karunagapally

60. The famous Malayalam Poet who known as 'Kerala Kalidasan' :
- (A) Kodungalloor Kunhikuttan thampuran
(B) Uloor.S. Parameswara Iyer
(C) Kerala Varma Valiya Koil thampuran
(D) Vallathol Narayana Menon
61. Who received the first 'Tagore award' in 2012 ?
- (A) Latha Mangeshkar (B) Zubin Mehta
(C) Padma Sachdev (D) Pandit Ravi Shankar
62. The world famous 'Badami Caves' represent :
- (A) Chola Architecture (B) Chalukya Architecture
(C) Pallava Architecture (D) Hoysala Architecture
63. Which country is known as the 'Land of white elephant' ?
- (A) Romania (B) Korea (C) Turkey (D) Thailand
64. Who is the first sports person to get 'Bharat Ratna' ?
- (A) Kapil dev (B) Sachin Tendulkar
(C) Milkha Singh (D) P.T. Usha
65. The Nobel prize in Physics 2013 was awarded jointly to :
- (A) Martin Karplus - Michal Levitt
(B) Albertfert - Peter Grunberg
(C) Francois Englert - Peter W.Higgs
(D) Serge Haroche - David Wineland

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